

Developments in the Global Private Fusion Industry

Fondation Tuck May 9, 2024

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Overview: The Private Fusion Industry Today

- 43 verified private fusion companies
- \$6.2 billion in investment
- 13 new fusion companies
- Increasing optimism on timescales
- Growing interest from governments in Public Private Partnerships
- Growing geographical diversity
- But many challenges remain



FIA Mission



The Fusion Industry Association is the **voice** of the growing fusion industry. It is a membership organization that supports efforts to **accelerate commercial fusion energy** through **advocacy** and **education**

FIA Membership







ENERGY



































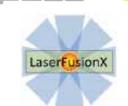


























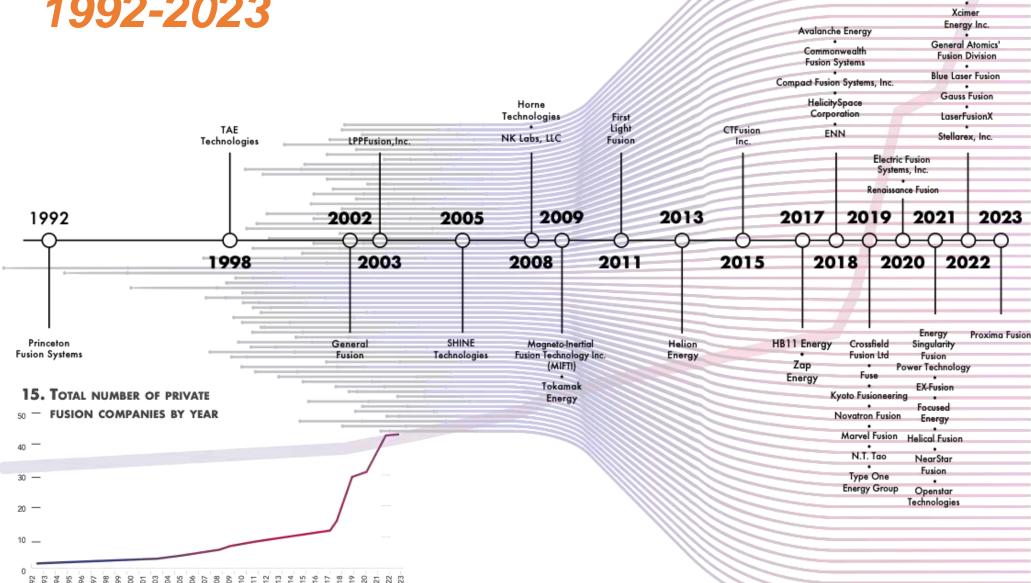








Company Growth 1992-2023





Deutelio
Thea Energy
(formerly Princeton Stellarators)
Realta Fusion

A Global Industry Led by American Companies

- 25 American Fusion Companies
 - With > 80% of the investment
- Growing global diversity
 - 12 countries with at least one fusion company
- A global supply chain
- A global workforce
- Global scientific leadership



Variety of Approaches



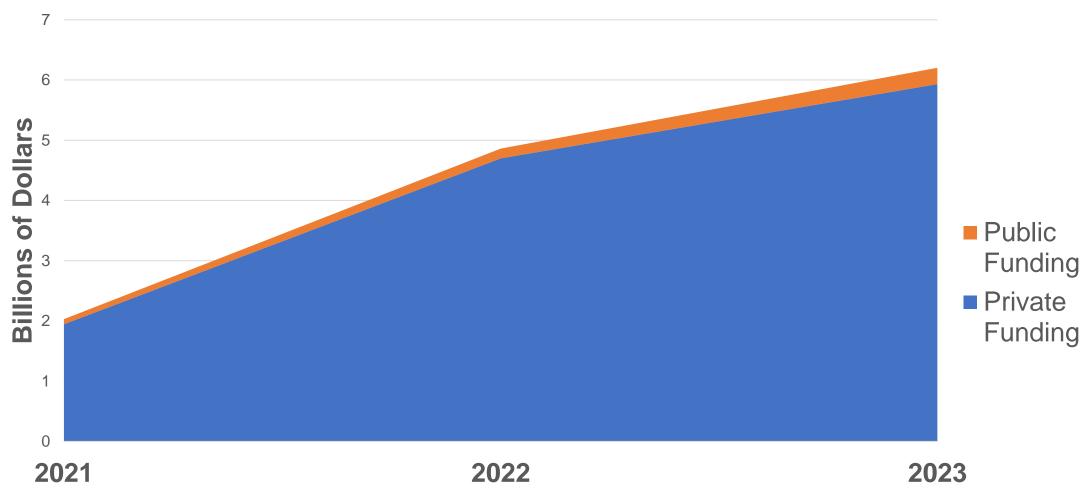


- 1 Dense Plasma Focus
- Direct laser-driven p811
- 👂 🕽 Epicyclotron: a hybrid beam background approach
- 1 Electro-centripetal confinement with magnetic plasmas not in thermodynamic equilibrium.
- 3 Field Reversed Configuration
- 1 Hypervelocity Gradient Field Fusion
- Laser-driven inertial confinement.
- 1 Loser-driven Direct Drive Inertial Confinement Fusion
- 1 Levitated Dipole
- 1 Magnetic mirror
- Mirror machine
- 1 Magnetized target fusion
- Modified Stellarator

- Muon-catalyzed fusion with high density fuel.
- 2 Magnetic-electrostatic confinement
- Magnetized Liner Inertial Fusion (MagLIF)
- 1 Plectonemic reconnection
 - 1 Poloidal magnetic confinement, e.g. Levitron, LDX, Intrap
- Pulsed magneto-plasma pressurized confinement
- Shock-driven inertial confinement
- Spindle cusp, superconducting shielded-grid Inertial Electric Confinement
- 6 Stellarator
- Tokamak/Spherical Tokamak/Advanced Tokamak
- 2 Z-pinch
- I N/A

Private Funding Growth *2021-2023*





Notable investments since last survey



\$23m THEA Energy \$250m

\$79m

Kyoto
Fusioneering

\$55m

Energy Singularity
Fusion Power
Technology

\$200m ENN

\$50m SHINE Technologies

\$41_m Avalanche

\$22 m n-Tao \$20m General Atomics

\$67_m
Focused
Energy

Why Now? Fusion is READY

Today's Scientific and Technological Advances Enable Breakthroughs

New Materials

New materials, including High Temperature Superconductors, advanced lasers, new alloys, power management chips, and more enable smaller, cheaper machines.

High Speed Computing & Al

Advances in computing power allow advanced modeling and the application of artificial intelligence to experiments.

Scientific Understand of Plasma Physics

Breakthrough fusion experiments at NIF and elsewhere will bring greater fidelity to models and enable faster experimentation.

Advanced Manufacturing

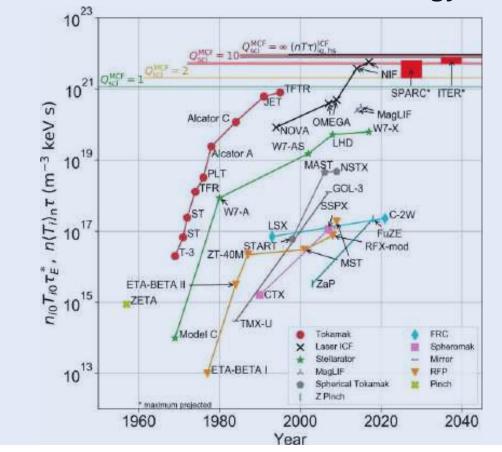
Will allow quick and cheap production of components in complex shapes and with new materials.

Business Model Improvement

The application of the Silicon Valley-style venture capital has injected funding, urgency, and greater tolerance of risk.



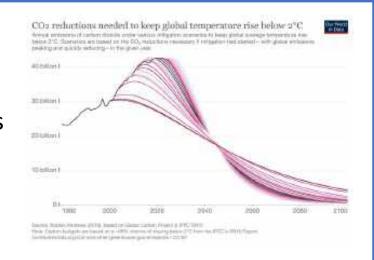
Historical progress shows continuous advances towards fusion energy



Why Now? The world NEEDS fusion

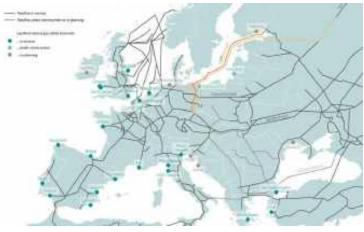
Fusion is a Climate Solution

Meeting the world's climate goals are **almost impossible** without massive deployment of zero-emissions dispatchable power.



Fusion provides Energy Security

Fusion energy will break the geopolitics of energy, so that no dictator can control the price of energy. Fusion energy will be manufactured, not mined.





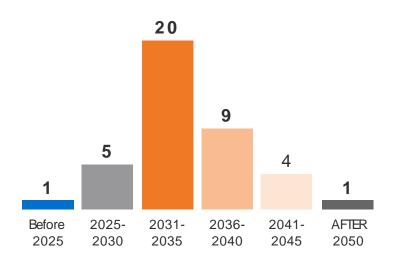
Fusion is a Business Opportunity

Bloomberg: fusion energy industry could be valued at *\$40 trillion*

McKinsey: fusion could be "dominant" source of energy in Europe by 2050

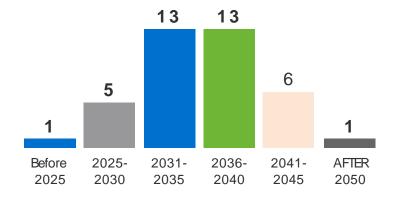
Fusion companies already are spending over \$500m per year

When will the first fusion plant deliver electricity to the grid? (40 responses)



Growing Confidence

When will the first fusion plant demonstrate a low enough cost/high enough efficiency (Q) to be considered commercially viable? (40 responses)



88% expect fusion power on the grid in the 2030s or before

 84% expect commercial cost competitiveness on same schedule

Industry's Timeline



60 years of research

Mid 2020s

Late 2020s

Early 2030s

Mid 2030s

Scientific basis for fusion energy

 Scientific Proof of Concept Design and build Pilot Plants





 Commercial Fusion, rapid scale-up to global deployment







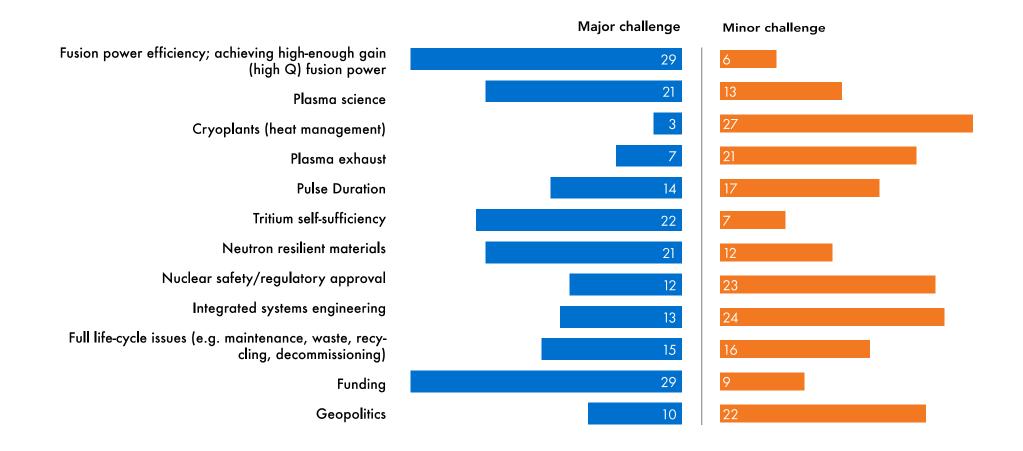




Expecting Challenges



What do you see are the main challenges for fusion energy up to 2030? (38 Reponses, non-reported answers indicate not seen as a problem/don't know)



FIA Supply Chain Report: Key Findings



- Fusion developers spent **over \$500m** on their supply chain in 2022, and that will grow to over \$7bn per year by the time they build their "First of a Kind" power plant, and potentially trillions in a mature fusion industry (timescales for this range from 2035-2050).
- Technological diversity in fusion: there is not a fusion "supply chain" there are fusion "supply chains"
- High value supply chain needs are primarily specialized precision manufactured components
 - Steady-state Magnetic = high-powered magnets + resilient materials
 - Pulsed power = power electronics and semiconductors
 - Laser IFE = specialized laser & optics components
 - Fusion Fuel Cycle = Lithium blanket
- Biggest challenge = balancing suppliers' scale with business risk.
 - Fusion companies need suppliers to invest in scale ahead of demand, but suppliers are reluctant to do so without confirmed commitments or clear timelines.
 - Chicken vs Egg?



The Fusion Industry Supply Chain:

Opportunities and challenges

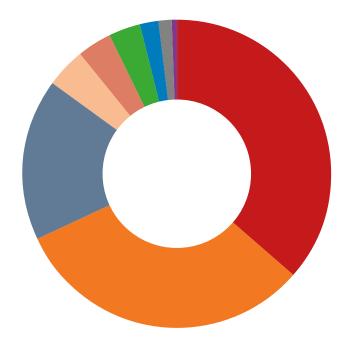


Industry Growth



\$500 million per year industry today -> \$7 billion in a decade

Declared annual spending on supply chain by fusion companies



- Specialized components non-fusion specific (e.g. vacuum pumps) \$176,490,000
- Raw materials \$154,345,000
- Contract engineering \$82,650,000
- Specialized components fusion specific (e.g. magnets, lasers) \$19,665,000
- Commodity 'off-the-shelf' components \$18,085,000
- Software \$16,085,000
- Professional services \$9,475,000
- Contract construction \$6,255,000
- Fuel \$1,870,000

Supply Chain Needs

- Manufactured Products, not resources
- Vacuum technology
- Materials to withstand the fusion neutronic environment
- Software to control plasmas and electronics
- Experience to build big things

Current demands from the fusion supply chain (26 responses. Answered 'critical' or 'important').

See Appendix 1 for expanded table.	Critical/important
Vacuum pumps	24
Precision engineering and manufacturing services	24
Control Software	21
Power semiconductors	20
Deuterium, tritium, or other gaseous fusion fuels	19
Recruitment	19
Specialized metals, e.g. high-grade steel	17
Common metals, e.g. nickel, copper	16
Engineering, Procurement and Construction Firms	16
Heat management technologies	14
Natural Lithium	14
First wall materials	14
Legal services	14
Cryogenic devices	13
Magnets	12
RF heating	10
Lithium (enriched)	10
High Temperature Superconducting (HTS) Tape	9
Lasers (assembled)	6
Rare earth metals	6
Laser components, eg. diodes, laser glass	5

Supply Chain Needs Will Grow



Demand increase for fusion components over next ten years (26 responses. Answered 'critical' or 'important').

See Appendix 1 for expanded table.

Order of magnitude/ significant increase

Number of companies expressing concerns about current and future supply constraints (only categories with 3+ responses included below).



	significant increase
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Lithium (enriched)	8
Legal services	8
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FIA's Principles for Accelerating Fusion



Public Private Partnerships

The private sector should have access to the scientific research that governments have pursued for decades. Public-Private Partnerships that include government support to private fusion companies can rapidly accelerate fusion development by driving new private financial support.

Ensuring Regulatory Certainty

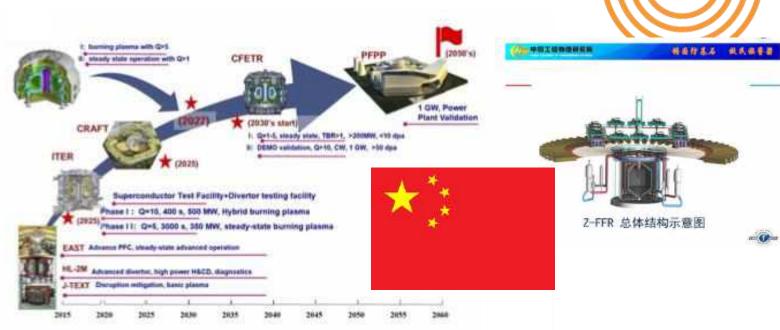
The regulatory regime for fusion should be predictable, proportional to the risk, and supportive of innovation, while also giving confidence about ensuring public safety and security. Fusion energy regulation must be permanently separated from fission regulation and should not require lengthy permitting process for every facility.

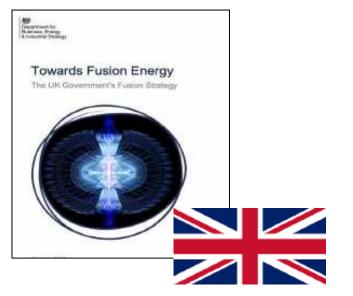
Incentives to Build a Global Fusion Energy Industry

The FIA supports efforts across the private, public, and philanthropic sectors to accelerate tomorrow's fusion power economy. Fusion does not need special status or excessive subsidies but should have a level playing field as it grows into a new industry.

Geopolitics of Fusion











France's Central Role in Fusion



Fusion was listed by President Macron as one of five strategic industries the European Union must create dedicated industrial strategies for finance. Macron: the European Union must create a dedicated industrial strategy for Fusion



France's Central Role in Fusion: Private Sector





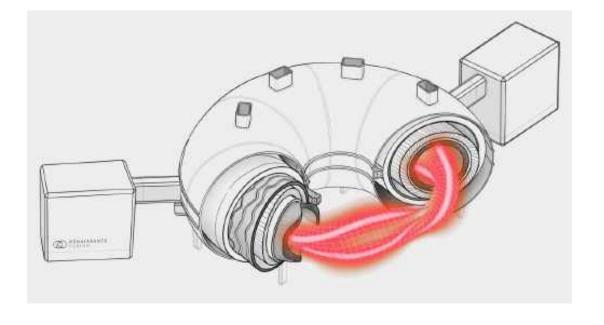












Results: FIA's Vision for the 2030's

- Industry builds multiple fusion pilot plants of different sizes, technologies, and fuel cycles, preparing to scale-up into a globally-leading export industry.
- Fusion Supply Chain grows to over \$7 billion per year industry (already over \$500 million today)
- Governments support fusion commercialization push with world-leading science, computing power, and test facilities the infrastructure that enables a fusion industry.
- Research Universities form the backbone of the fusion workforce and train the next generation.









Thank You

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www.FusionIndustryAssociation.org